Business Nonces.

WEST END FASHIONABLE HAT AND CAP EMPORIUM

J. W. KELLOGO. No. 128 Canal at.

Let The removal of Collector Bronson will have no effect with the sale of Kerrany & Lasay's inimitable Heat, to whose chars persons of all sections and parties flock to get one of whose cheep and beautiful Departeian Hate, which attracts much attention in the street, at the Crystal Palace, and everywhere. No. 77 Chattamut, opposite Chumbers, and corner of Pearl and Chattamut.

WINTER BONNETS AND FURS AT GENIN'S BAZAAR .-A great deglar of the above, including every possible variety-for Ladies and Obliden - will take place on Sarusaar the folialist, at Gaster's Barrar, Sr. Nicholas Hotel, No All Stradges

SUPERIOR MANUFACTURED FURS.—The place to less such Goods is at Meser's Troubreout & Boutt. 22 No. 19 Meiden-lane. They are bone nide manufacturers, and are now prepared with a large good rich assortiment of Fine Fore in latest ctyles, comprising a variety of Subies Stone Market, Mink Marten, Russian Mink, Frieh Marten, Royal Zermine, French Zemitte &c., &c. All goods sold by T. & R. nee garratheed as represented. For Transmiss for Ladies' Clears.

Business Couts, of every variety of styles and goods, selected for our city trade, now ready, and others you. Day A Devars, Nos. 22 and 33 Johnst. Undershirts and Drawers, every variety of

destrable ctyles, are now reedy, at wholesale or retail. Geutlemen about purchasing for their own see are invited to exist and explain our large assortment. Goods sent to Brooklyn or Res York. Inc. Pascoo & now. No. 61 Narrowst. N. Y. In the wide, wide world, cannot be found better Under Garments and Hosiery than at James E. Rayls, No. 10 Bow-ery, where all goods are shown, chearfully, represented fairly, and submitted to the examiner's unblassed approval.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY AT RETAIL.-The New-York Gold-Pen Manufacturing Company would respectfully inform their patrons that they have unarged their sales room and received a fresh invoice of Jeweiry, embracing the usual variety, of the very lastest and most approved patterns which they are prepared to sell as Retail, much below the regular rates. [P] Watelies and Jeweiry Caractelly repaired. Sales room No. 126 Groundwich-st. near Day, ascond floor. A very large stock of Gold-Paus count rally on hand.

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING .- A large and well selected assertment of fashionable Fall and Wister Clothing, at a times on hand, builde Clotha Cassimores, and Vesting, of superis quality, which are much to order to the latest string, at six way. FORTER's well-known Clothing Establishment No. 27 Courtlands-Hostery.-We are determined to reduce our Stock

of these Goods. They are all fresh and destrable—our own imports tion this season, and we invite jobiers and retailers to import the stock. We are proposed to submit to a heavy loss. Inquire for Hossiery Department, second story.

MOULTON, PLIMPTON, WILLIAMS & Co.,

No. 12 Vesey and 6 Starclay etc. Directly roar of Aster House.

IMPORTANT TO YOUNG CLERKS .- GOLDSMITH, the well-known Instructor in Prumanship, anneances that Students commencing a source in Book-keeping at his specious and beautiful recommended. No. 562 Broadway on or before Tunshay, Nov. 1, will resolve fostruction in wristing free of expense.

EIGHT SPACIOUS SALES-ROOMS! Tremendous Bargains in Carpets
Al Higgs ANDARSON'S
No 59 Bowery
Lumiense Assertinent
Axialisates, Turkey, Persia!
Velvet, Messic and Brusseis!
Three-Fig and increas Carpets
Mosaic Range and Table Covera
Gold Window Stades
Venc O. Clarke I to a verify wide

CARPETS.-W. & T. LEWIS, No. 452 Penrlat., have received their Fall Styles of newest decirns of Velect and Tepestry 3-ply and Ingrain Carpets of the most celebrated Empith mixers. Their stock is complete, and the prices of best view from it to 16, 75% per cour less than any house that does not import the property 97, best do. 117 per years 0.1 Choles and all other goodes quality low. So per cour less than any house that does not import their own goods.

CARPETINGS .- PETERSON & HUMPHREY, No. 379 NOTICE.-A. DODWORTH'S Dancing Academy, No

HOUSE FURNISHING BAZAAR AND FANCY STORE

UPRIGHT GRAND PIANOS.-HORACE WATERS has

Piano-Fortes.—Splendid Rosewood Pianos, new and second-head. Cheap forcash.

Join P Wag: a Co. Manufacturers,
No. for Energy at opposite College-place

1853 —The First Premium awarded to Madama.

Demonstr. Importer and Instance of Fashbore. No. of Camber,

K.Y., for the leaf say and fouring Drosses at the American Instance of the Instance of

New Muste.—New Prima Donna Song. "Come while the Maonigh brams," by J. R. Thomas, to be sens the coming week by Buggary's Serenders. The words are econologily good and admirably arrange. Price to cents.

The New Hungarian Polls, by Thomas Baker. In const. Honge Warren, No. 373 Stondwey.

The area! Plane and Music on Albebray.

SEWING MACHINES FOR SEWING FINE LUNEY AND

SEWING MACHINES-CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

Sewing Machines, were first in third by one, and were combined in good operative. Sewing Machines which were used and extending the shiftent both in New York and battimes more than it years before Howe's patent was granted.

By law no other present than myself could, or can, have a valid patent spon the eye-pointed medic and shurtle, or any combination of them. The proof of these facts is abundant and rescharted that it is the fact. of them. The proof of these have taken interests a list permanent to enforce my rights by applying for a patent for my rights livenistics. I can be have extended to it such that control of the such that the

SEWING MACHINES.-All persons making, selling SEWING MACHINES.—All persons making, selling or using Sewit, Machines having a needle or usedles with an eye near the point, are barely continued against inflinging my Original Patent, sranted Sept. 10, 1943, as all inflingers will be held responsible according to new. The following persons are henced to manufacture and sell Sewing Machines, under my sail Patent via-Hessis, Wheeler, Wilson & Co., Grover, Baker & Co., the American Magnetic Sewing Machine Co. and A Bartholf of New York, Nebolic & Blue and J. A. Lerow, of Boston; Messes, Wookirelge, Keeme & Moore, Lyun, Mess. and A. B. Howe, et N.Y. Ettas. Howe, Jr., Patentes of the Original Sowing Machine, No. 308 Brandow, Sowing Machine, Sept. 8th, 1860.

FOWLERS & WELLS, Phrenologists and Publish-

DELICTOR COFFEE MADE IN ONE MINUTE.-AL-DER'S PRESERD CREAM COFFEE.—With this article, key percent can make up acup of nor fivered, clarified Coffee, (ready meeters and crostnesh, by simply adding belling water. Post up in one nound jars. Rold by the jar or down, by ALDEN & Cu., Properties. No. 314 Breadway: T. Hoff & Cu., corner of Chambers et and Collegeplace, and a all the principal processes.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS.—A great variety, from the best makers, at bargains, from \$10 to \$150, mently equal to new at Honore Waters's great Plano and Music Establishment, No. 888 Kroadway.

Le Country Merchants should not fall to embrace Whelew Shades, Oil Cornices Lace and Musin Curtaing, in the trock of goods. The demand for wholey decreased control throughout the country. Kalvy & Francisco, No. 200 threaden, and No. 34 Roeders, are the principal manufacturers and imparters and offer creat independent of them.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE -- Price 25 cents a box

GLASGOW HOUSE, West End (No. 779 Broad-Way hear Grace Church - Maddan & Stawart Important of Street, but French and German Embroderies, Lace Goods, Mason Hand Kerchiefs, de., Ac., will open Charle materiate Revuit Establishment on Ravenban, the 20th of October, 1833. Popular Trade-Popular Goods-Popular Prices

R. R. K.-NERVOUS IRRATABILITY, MELANCHOLY R. R. K.—NERVOUS BREATABILITY, McLANCHOLY, R.C.—Fersons afflicted with the above alliencity will find appeal by the use of R. R. Remedies. Nervous Irritability take RASWAYS Removating Resolvent throughness per day. Also, bother for a classwith R. R. Relief. Take one of RASWAYS Regulators over a new Por Nelsonboby, take a teacyonical and Rasways Regulators over a new for Nelsonboby, take a teacyonical and Rasways Regulators over a new for Nelsonboby, take a teacyonical and Rasways Regulators over a new fact that he was a supply a teacyon of the Rasways Regulators over a new about the part of the R. R. Resonbols have a supply a supply and the resonbols have a supply a supply a supply and the Resonbols have a supply and

HAVE YOU SEEN IT !-HAVE YOU SEEN IT !—

Liven has a case
In the Creetal Palace.
And the insect tree.

To all "humbugs" callous.
Die—and nothing can prevent.
At each grand experiment
With his Powder—which to man
Harm has never dune, nor can.
Depôt for Livon's Magnetic Powder and Pills for the destruction
of insects and version, No. 424 Brondway.

TO CRISTADORO'S EXCELSION LIQUID HAIR DVE is applied daily at the factory. No. 8 Astor House. An objectionable head of hair or a pair of whiskers can be transferenced in an instant to a becoming beautiful and natural color. The certainty with which it operates is wonderful indeed. Solid whelesale and rotal at CRISTADORO'S.

THE EMPORIUM AND THE PALACE. - No one who

AUCTION - We while to call the attention of all persons that are defrom of obtaining a handsome building site, also capitalists, to the permyters sale of 65 large and ellightic Coctage Size, to be made To-Morante, by Alexan H. Nicolay, Ameticanes, at 11 o'clock A.M. on the ground, at the beautiful Village of Fort Hamilton. These valuable Building Sites vary in size from one to three acres each, and are covered with handsome forcest trees. This beautiful property is known as Hamilton Grove, and is adjusting the 500 plots sold within the partial months. Soveral buildings are in course of exection and a large number are under contract, to be communed in a short time. We can safely say that these desirable Cettage Sites are, without exception, the heat that were ever offered in the vicinity of New-York, the location being unsurpassed, having an extensive view of the Atlantic Ocean, Scaten Island, New-Jersey, New-York Ray, New Utricht, Bath, Greveernd, and the surrounding country four Hamilton is only 5 miles from Hamilton Ferry, and a countrie by steemhouts and steps the whole year. In addition to which, the contemplated Bailroad from Brockien, will make this place as convenient of access as could be desired by any gentleman desirous of making this beautiful place his private residence. The steamhout King Philip will leave plan No. 5, North River, at 10 ordook A.M., returning at 5 o'clock N.M., Also, stars will leave Hamilton Ferry, Brocklyn, at 10 o'clock and 10 o'clock A.M., returning at 5 o'clock. of New-York, the location being unsurpassed, having an ex-Brocklyn, at bij o'clock and 16 o'clock A. M., returning at 5 o'clock Brocklyn, at bij o'clock and 16 o'clock A. M., returning at 5 o'clock P. M. All persons desirous of attending the sale can obtain free the star by the steambest or stages, and lithographic maps with full par-ticulars, on applying to J. W. Barker, or J. C. Sandres, No. 3 Na-ticulars, on applying to J. W. Barker, or J. C. Sandres, No. 3 Na-

LT HECKER & BROTHER, finding, from complaints which reach them frequently, that certain persiss (some of whom avoid placing their own names on the parcels they put up) imitate the Creton Mills' bags and packages of Flour so closely as to deceive the Creton Mills' bags and packages of Floor so closely as to deceive
the utoberrant, and even the cautious occasionally, until by using
they discover the difference between the genuine and the initiation.

If & B would, therefore, observe that their name and address are
printed on every package, which seems to be the only security to
the public—for in examining a number of complaints, the flour
proved to be some one of the initiations. They have recently placed
a new copyrighted label, printed in red, on the 6 B packages of
their Patent Self-Ralsing Flour, to distinguish them from the imita-

Where record do not heep the articles manufacturel at the Cro-Mills, families, by sensing a note through any Post-Office, will be supplied with even a single package. Hecken & Buorras. . Graton Mills, No. 201 Cherry st., near Pike-slip.

HATE DVE AND WIGS .- BATCHELOR'S Manufactory for these articles is removed to No. 23 Broadway, opposite the Park where he has the less accommodations in the world for the applica-tion of his famous Hair Dvs. and the sale of his newly-layented Wigs and Toupees. Nine private rooms all on one floor.

THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE for Oct. 29. THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE for this week

THE NEW-TORK VERSEL TRADESS OF THE PROPERTY OF

HI.. THE SUBPLUS REVENUE: How to Deplete the Treasury-

 THE TRUE BASIS OF AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE Address of William H. Seward, before the American Inell Inte, New-York, Oct. 26, 1003. V. CORRESPONDENCE: The Datch in Minigan: Carson Learns State Convention; Chincha Islanda; Mexico Pro-

LARING SING CONTROL OF THE PEARSIE: Editorial Correspondence of the NY. Tribune.

VI. THE JAPAN EXPEDITION: Purchase of Port Livyd. VIII .. THE DISMISSAL OF COLLECTOR BRONSON Secretary

Guilrie's Letters.

IX. THE NATURE OF ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS: Correspondent enue between Dr. B. B. Wallisms and Dr. J. M. Carnochan.

X. REVIEW OF THE WEEE: Giving in a continued and most
conspicuous form the most important events that have oncorred in the United States, South America, and Mexico.

XIII .. ACRICULTURAL. Reform to British Agricul are: Agricul-ture in California; Gold vs. Hay: Morticulpural; also about THE WORLD'S HORSE CONVENTION: Promour ex-

XV., AMERICAN INSTITUTE: Premiums for Live Stock. XVI. NEW PUBLICATIONS: Frederica Bromer's Impre

Avil. MARHIAGES and DEATHS.

XVIII. REVIEW OF THE MARKETS: Reports of the Stock.

(Hest), Provincen, Cattle and Lumber Narkets. Very fally
end specially reported for The Tribane.

Emple copies, in wrappers, can be obtained at the dock in the
Commentation the morning. Press Security.

Exact and Thom-One copy for one year, \$2; there copies, \$5;
five copies, \$5; ten copies, \$12.50; twenty copies, (to one address) \$20.

New Dork Daily Tribune

PRIDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1853.

Tri CORRESPONDENTS

No notice can be taken of acomymous Communications. Whatever a minuted for hardlen and the surface called by the name and address of the writer and uncessarily for publication but a sportness of the publication but as a postenciar of the publication rejected Communications.

We consist undertake to return rejected Communications.

CITY REPORM.

The Referm Convolute appointed at Marropolican Hall, as the grees meeting on the 7th of March last, have a their fallow chirene, friendly to Referm, to attend a public meeting as Marropolican Hall, on MONDAY NEXT, the dist into, at 75 events P. M. to take most a clion as may be demined expedient with reference to the approach

by order of the Committee. FETER COOPER, Chalrungs

Sth July, and sailed again on the 17th. They were we

Cur additional dispatch from Halifax casts no light on the question why the Paris police hunted for Kossuth in the house of Col. Kis: the latter is Kossuth's agent, but we know of no reason why the revolutionary statesman should go to Paris. Perhaps they only wanted to overhaul the Colonel's papers.

The news brought by the Niagara looks more warlike than any we have had before. Unless Russia backs out, of which there is no probability, there will be a war. The Turks are resolved on that, and will be humbugged no longer. In a month we shall doubtless have fighting to report.

Our correspondent in Nicaragua details the particulars of outrages on American citizens committed by village authorities and others in that country, which ought to be sternly inquired into by our Government. Read our correspondent's letter in another column.

No Governor yet in Vermont, though the Legislature have continued to try for it.

The prisoners McCoy and Duffy, charged with the murder of Catherine Quigley, were discharged yesterday by the Justices before whom the examination took place. This result was entirely unexpected and ere-ment have the right percuptority to refuse a reception ated no little excitement.

STREET FILTH AND EXPENSES.

The fifthy condition of our streets is a source of constant and just complaint. There is a distinct department of the City Government, with all the paraphernalia of Commissioners, Inspectors. Clerks and laborers, for the sole purpose of keeping the streets in decent order: they have almost unlimited power, and free access to the public chest, of which they have not been slow to avail themselves. In 1850 they took \$123.982; in 1851, \$127,900; 1852, \$258,817; and for 1853, \$250,000 have been appropriated, all of which has been spent in about three quarters of the yearand now the Department wants \$40,000 more, making, with the deficiencies sure to come in three hundred thousand dollars for such street elenning as has been done in 1803-or an increase of one hundred and thirty four per cent. over 1851. Have we increased in from the Sandwich Islands, affording the information cleanliness at this rate. Are the streets cleaned twice that an immense immigration thither of Russians, said as often and twice as thoroughly as two years ago! By to be 12,000 in number, is in preparation, under the no manner of means.

These figures look apocryphal, but they are facts, set forth officially by the Controller, and some days since laid before the readers of The Tribune. In order to show how the Commissioner accounts for this enormous increase, we again compare the figures of 1851 with those of 1853, giving them in detail, as follows:

FAID	FOR YWEED	S AND CARTREN.		
1851.	1853.		\$51.	1853.
J Ward 56,750		XI Ward	5,0012	\$300.65
11 Ward 4.777	4,625.90		51203	4,025.92
111 Ward 5,634			£175	6,232.03
17 Ward 4.130	A.152 10		4.410	5,317.39
V Ward 4.364			7,600	7,651.11
VI Ward 4,771				
VII Ward 4.402	6,509 31	Will their	7,630	10.1 3 17
		XIX Ward	6,761	11,810.07
VIII Ward 4,496		XX Ward	-	1,541 63
IX Ward 5:704	7,760.01	XPI Ward		5,955 00
X Ward 3.789	4,043 32			.99,000,000
This table is on		on of homes	11	Same.

VALUABLE FORT HAMILTON VILLA SIFES AT | if they can, a corresponding increase of benefit. In expenses for the following articles, the increase is no less notable:

swindle is gross, and the fraud palpable and enormous. The Controller enters with much patience upon comparicons for two or three years past, the result of which is that Mr. Arcularius, Commissioner, has, in two years of his administration, taken from the City Treasurs \$556,000 for street cleaning, or three hundred theusand dollars more than did his predecessors in the two years immediately preceding. Upon these facts, the Controller urges an immediate completion of the contracts recently offered to bidders for street cleaning. The highest bid for the whole City was \$255,000; the lowest, \$118,000; a most suggestive distance below the levy Mr. Arcularius has made on the treasury.

Let the tax-payers, and especially the laborer, the mechanic, the man of small means, ponder upon these frightful expenditures, and, though they cannot summarily eject the Commissioner, see that for the next year he is hedged around with a Board of Aldermen and a Council who will stop up the channels and contrivances by which he has thus drained the Treasury.

OUR CONSUL AT GENOA.

By the telegraphic advices received from Hallfax, we learn that there can no longer be a doubt respecting the Court of Turin to grant the customary Exequator of Consul at Genoa to our respected fellow-citizen FE-LIX FORESTI. The pretext which the Piedmontese Ministry sets forth as a justification for its conduct is that Mr. Foresti is a disciple and friend of Mazzini: but the fact is that he was in the Austrian dungeons of Spielberg with Pelico, Gonfalonien and their companions long before the name of Mazzini was known, and of the two. the latter should therefore rather be called the disciple

Mr. Foresti is a native of the Province of Ferrara in the States of the Pope. At an early age and without the consent of his father, he joined the army under Napoleon, fighting against Austria, but after some months, the influence of his father caused him to be sent home, as being under the legal age required for a soldier. This was just before the peace on the fall of Napoleon. He then entered the University of Bologna. and after graduating there, followed the profession of the law, in which he obtained so great a reputation as to be invited by the Austrian Government to accept the appointment of Judge in the important district of Polisi though only 13 years of age. At the age of 24 he was arrested as the head of the Carbonari on the Austrian side of the Po, and after two years of imprisonment under accusation, was eventually, in November, 1822, con-. deuned to death. While under scatenes, he remaine t XI. EUROFE: Seven Days Later News: Arrival of the Nirman forty days in those dangeons of the Pozz (or wells) of at Halifan, War Pontrely Declared by Turkey: Search for Venice, which had along the Fearch Dayslands by Venice, which had, since the French Revolution been XII. CALIFORNIA: Arth-stafthe Northern L'gan; Two Wecks closed, being considered too horrible for use. The elemency of the Emperor subsequently commuted the centered to chains in the fortress of Spielberg, and upon the death of the Emperor Francis in 1836, the new severeign allowed the prisoners of state to leave for America, where they were brought on board of the now inners corrette, Hussar. On the occasion of the coronation of the Emperor, a general amnesty was issued for political effenders, and Foresti was allowed by Austria to return to Italy. He did not however take advantage of the permission. In the early part of the pontificate of Pius IX, he was recalled by a decree sent to the Mayor of his native place; so that both Austria, which had condemned him, and Rome, of which State he was a native, have officially withdrawn all opposition to his return to Italy. How, then can the Government of Piedmont against which State Foresti has committed no offense, and within the borders of which he has never entered, fairly refuse to acknowledge him as the United States Consul?

Previous to the Italian revolutionary movements of 1847 and '48, the Government of Piedmont (or as it is sometimes called Sardinia) was despotic, as were those of all the other Italian States. In February, 1848, the revolution being trimophout in Palermo, the King of Naples (Bomba) granted a Constitution to check the progress of the insurrection. Soon the people of other parts of Haly eried vice to the King who had, though reluctantly, conceded this step to public opinion, and quickly the other sovereigns found that it was necessar: to imitate his example, or let him make political capital for himself alone. Thus the Constitutions of Tus-Commodore Perry's squadron resched Japan on the carry, Plediment and Rome were conceded. The Reso long as they were not infringed, showed no hostility to their monarchs; but so soon as the several princes obtained uniterial aid sufficient to put aside these paper compacts they were destroyed, and with them their supporters. The Kingdom of Piedmont alone preserves the name of a Constitution, though in fact we have seen that persons are arbitrarily arrested and exiled to America for opinion's sake, and in November, 1849, the King, in his famous proclamstion dissolving the Assembly of Representatives, plainly stated that he had taken that measure because the Deputies were not subservient to his will; therefore. that they were in fault, and that if the new Assembly were to oppose him, it would not be his fault if he should not maintain the Constitution. The prudence of the leading men in the country procured the return of a set of Representatives not inimical to the Court, and thus for the time at least the Constitution was permitted to remain. The position of the Court of Piedmont in any European movement must be most embarrassing for the truly liberal party, for since there yet exists a Constitution, many of the Liberals dislike o attack it, while on the other hand it is impossible, after the experience of the last five years, for the people, on their return to power, to suffer any monarchy

to exist on that continen There can be no doubt that the Piedmontese Governto any Consel er other diplomatic agent sent them by any power. This is too well established by universal usage and public law to be questioned for a moment. and does not constitute a good ground for protest or reprisals on the part of the Government whose represcutative is thus rejected. But it may well be doubted whether Piedment gives proof of wisdom in this act. When Spain receives Soule the fillibuster, when Naples admits Owen the ultra radical, and England makes no objection to George N. Sanders notwithstanding his late Review was wont to assail her monarch and government, there is no valid reason why Piodmont should exclude Foresti. At any rate, it is a confession of weakness which a government that boasts of its liberalism and its hold on the affections of the people would more wisely have refrained from making

The Alta California states that it has private advices immediate auspices of the Emperor. We have, on several occasions, and alone among American journals, laid before the public the evidence that the Russian Government has fixed its eye on these islands. as an important political point. Whether, however, the special report in question is gennine, or whether it is prepared by speculators on the islands to get up a party in this country for immediate annexation, we cannot say. We think it quite as likely that the Emperor of Russia has his hands full just now with irrefragable Circussians, and awakened Turks, without scouring the Pacific for colonies. Supposing, however, the Russians do come, it will be as dear a bargain for their master as was the sending of the Hessians to this country comes to New York to be hold the wonders of the Cristal Palses.

This table is only a specimen of increase in all branchshould leave without valuing that report of pleasure. There are many regions and were
est of the department: and let the people call to mind,
and become good citizens. In view, likewise, of the
department of the people call to mind,
and become good citizens. during the American war, for they ran away in shouls

all-subduing influences of peaceful democracy, we would recur to a most curious and memorable fact. which we lately published, (but which was quite unnoticed by the press at large,) that at a great meeting of British sailors, lately held in London. the American and English flags were intertwined, and the chief speakers, amid a roar of cheers, announced that if Parliament did not give the sailors the rights they claimed, the British jack would be abandoned for the American stripes and stars, and that, neglected at home, they could find a country in the United States, where they would be treated as citizens and freemen-with much more in a cognate vein. We apprehend, therefore, that if Russians were to come to the Sandwich Islands, they would, simply by the moral force of democracy, which is as irresistible as the laws of the physical world, in due time be absorbed in our population, without our striking a blow or firing a We do not fear any immigration to this country. or its destined appendices. We go for the annexation of accretion, which will swell our empire from ocean to occan and islands to islands, thick studded with bumanity-with as many thousand millions of people as there are scres-and the power of the people so established that most government functions, as now understood, will be obsolete, if not forgotten. Let the Russigns come if they will. Absolutism in their fatherland wont profit much by their emigration.

For the most favorable view of Turkey and her

power to resist and repel invasion, our readers are referred to the letter of Mr. HENNINGSEN to the Secretary of the Society of Universal Democratic Republicanism, which we publish in another part of this paper. Mr. Henningsen is a high authority on this subject, and his statement must have weight in forming the conclusions of the public mind. With rare capacity to judge, especially with regard to military affairs and resources, he speaks of Turkey and her people as much travel and long study have presented them to his view. He shows that the Moslems are more numerous in European Turkey than either of the Christian races, taken separately, and better liked by each of them then either of the others: that they are yet a vig orous and manly people, capable of holding their own against any equal odds: that their condition is now in every respect far superior to what it was at the time of the last war with Russia; that their army is not only large, well disciplined, well provided and effective, but is backed up by resources and bodies of volunteers, such as no other Government can command : that they have no debt and are not exhausted by taxation; and that there is no Power in Europe which ern enter upon a defensive war with such chances of success. In short, Mr. Henningson brings forward substantially the views with which the readers of Mr. Urquhart's writings on Turkey are acquainted adding to them the results of his own observations and the weight of his own name. It is to be hoped, that in the struggle which now seems imminent, the Turks may justify these opinions. Every generous heart in Christendom would exult to see them alone driving the Russians back across the Pruth-But we say frankly that we cannot bring ourselves to such sanguine convictions, nor to such faith in the vitality and youthful vigor of the Moslem Empire. The truth most probably lies midway between those who preclaim it to be in the last stage of decay, and those who, like Mr. Henningsen, hold it up as very rich in the elements of defensive powers

The question of turning all the British American Provinces into one, under a Viceroy or Governor-General is noticed in the press of that quarter. It is thought that Lord Elgin's going to England, by way of New Brunswick, had much to do with the prellminary

Provinces seven hubdred thousand, and, according to The Torreto Globs, in ten years they will reach five nlillens, and in twenty ten millions. The descent, ustoms and habits of the people of the several Provnces offer no impediment, but every inducement for bamping the Government. This local union will prove. we trust, an areas courses to the introduction of the Provinces to the United States, at a time when our own morals will be on a par with the Colonial, of which point The G'ober at this moment, appears to periority of the Canadian Government and people, in all that relates to human rights, we do not armingquestion, but we hope with the sid of a free press and seed appointed Dembinski and Klapka, the Hungarian Common Schools, to come up to a standard that will We remember reading some years back a Reties. We remember reading some years back a Re-port by Lord DURHAM, which gave the preference to ledged, but no hope has been held out to the parties that the United States, in such little matters as industry. enterprise, success, and so fourth; and we incline to hink that we are not in the rear of the Canadas and given by the French and English Governments Nova Scotia even at this moment.

Efficient is Schools -The following letter from a humble Irishman residing in Southern New-Hampshire exposes a care of what seems to us great hardship and abuse calcu-lated to injure the cause not only of Education, but of Religion. If any one sees fit to say that the poor boys, whose case is set forth below, had been very badly taught and are very bigoted, we shall not dispute with him, but only insist that our Common School System can only be maintained by treating all religious convictions not merely with toleration but with unaffected deference. Wherever there are parents whose cherished faith is outraged by an imperative requirement that their children shall read the King James' version of the Bible in Schools, there that requirement is eg and at war with a fundamental principle of our Republican Institutions. Please read our correspondent's statement. We have his name, and know him to be a man who means to tell the truth SOUTH NEW MARKET, N. H., Oct 54, 1853.

To the Editor of the N. W. Massier, N. H., Oct 24, 1822.

Six I want to relate a small circumstance which occurred in this village during the last week. Two boys, who labored here stendilly during the last week. Two boys, who labored here stendilly during the greater part of the past year, in order to accumulate means to pay their board during the winter while going to school, on Tuesday of last week ecomenced going there. During the exercise of the Ribbe class, when it came to their turn to read, they said they did not want to read the Protestant Bible. The teacher said in repurm, "You must result if or leave the school. They did leave the school, and have not been admitted since. I understand that one of our citizens, wishing to compromise the matter, wrote to the teacher, saying if they must read the Bible in school, might they not be allowed to read their own? But, no, she says, these are the orders of the Superintending Committee, and they must be obeyed. Now, friend Greeley, I would ask you if this is good polley, to prevent those poor boys getting a tolerable education because they would not allow to be forced down their threats what they consider poison to their souls? I would wish to have your opinion on the above topic at as early a day as practicable, and you will much oblige yours &c. for religious toleration.

The state of the product of the religious toleration.

Passastvasia.-The following is the full official vote cast for the Whig and Democratic candidates for State Officers at the late Election. The votes, it will be seen, is very light in several Counties, not one third of the Whigs went near the polis. We have not the vote of the Free Soil and Native candidates, but they are doubtless equally

High:
KEOK Dem ISU UP Raph, Dem
High Weig 18417 McClare, Whit
Canal Commissioner,
Forsyth Dem 15420 Brawley Dem
Forsyth Dem 15420 Brawley Dem The Legislature stands as we have already stated

The law suit noticed in THE TRIPT'SE some months since, in which Mrs. HARRIET BERGUER STOWE and her husband are the plaintitis, and F. W. Thomas, of Philadelphia, the publisher of a German translation of Uncle Tom's Cabin, he defendant was taken up in the U.S. Circuit Court, at Philadelphia, yesterday, for argument before Judges Grier and Kane. The question at issue is, whether a copyright holds n any other language than that in which the work is entered. It has never been raised before, and there is no precedent bearing on it either in England or this country. The argument will, it is supposed, be concluded to day.

Mr. M. Lanz the Commissioner to China, sails for his desation from this city on the 19th November.

THE LATEST NEWS RECEIVED BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON

Special Dispants to The N. Y. Tribune. WASHINGTON, Thursday, Oct. 27, 1853. The President visited the Maryland Annual Fair at Baltimore. He left Washington this morning and returned in the evening.

The development of The Union, respecting Cuba, find credence in high quarters here; but nothing new has transpired.

A long conference was held to-day at the Navy Department, between Messrs. Marcy, Dobbin and McLane, our newly appointed Minister to China, at which was

settled the mode of proceeding of the Minister on his arrival at Hong Kong. It is feared there will be no proper means at hand there to enable him to visit the theater of hostilities

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washingros, Thursday, Oct. 27, 1853. The Star says that letters have been undoubtedly received in Washington, from which the conclusion is drawn, that a large French and English fleet will be dispatched to
the Gulf as soon as circumstances will permit—and that

73.25; 4] \$\psi\$ Cents, 100; Bank Shares, 28.20. Today, the

will be ready on the first day of the Session.

EUROPE.

DETAILS OF THE NIAGARA'S NEWS.

HALIFAX, Thursday, Oct. 27, 1853 The royal mail steamship Niagara, Capt Leitch, from Liverpool on Saturday, the 15th, arrived here about twelve

o clock last night, bringing 145 through passengers. The Niagara experienced bolsterous winds. On Oct 15. at 6 P. M., passed the steamship Africa from New York to Liverpool, inside the Calf of Man. Oct 21, in lat 51 23 lon. 35 45, exchanged signals with ateamship City of Man-

The steamship Golden Age arrived out at Liverpool at 7 clock on the morning of Wednesday, the 10th inst., and the Collins' steamer Arctic arrived there at nine o'clock on

THE EASTERN QUESTION. The news is brief, but important, and warlike. The Saltan has appealed to the moral, and if necessary to the ma-terial aid of France and England, by demanding the pres-

ence of their fleets before Constantinople. A Trieste letter of the 19th says the declaration of war was published in an imperial manifesto, and was posted on

the walls of all the Mosques.

Omer Packs, on the 9th, formally summoned Gorchakoff to evacuate the Ottoman territory. If Gorchekoff refers to his Government, Omer Pasha will allow fifteen days-but if Russia definitely refuses, he will commence he once-but in the meantime will not cross the Danube. This would delay operations till the oth October.

 Λ corps of 150,000 additional Turkish troops had been or The pavigation of the Danube and Black Sea is guar-

anteed to neutral flags.

The Clergy had offered to place 290,000,000 plasters

(\$8,000,000) of Church property at the Sultan's disposal. The Sulian had represented to the Ambassadors of For-eign Governments, that he desired to settle the difficulties with Russia peaceably; but as his ancestors had gained their Empire by the sword, the Turks would perish in its support-or if fate ordained that their country should fall to another master, they would quit Europe as they entered

it-sword in hand The opinion is that the French and English will allow the Turks and Russians to fight their own battles, but if the Turks are deseated will prevent the Russians from marching on Constantinople. With this view, a protecting force might occupy a strong position between Broussaon the Dan ube and Kestendge on the Black Sea, or they may perhaps occupy Rodesto on the Sea of Marmora or Riestoha Neither France ner England are arming openly, but the

forces of both countries are in a very effective condition. The Russians on their part are active. Gen. Luders had arrived at the camp. The troops were in motion up the river. Fifteen Batallions of Infantry with 31 pieces of Artillery had marched through Bucharest. Prince Gorchakoff it was reported, had in effect annexed the Principalities, chike if will in future administer the Government. The remaining Russian officials had left Turkey. Thirty thoussand Red is under the French Colonel Magnan had been have strong and well-founded doubts. The su- pushed forward to the Basalan frontier to watch the move ments of Prince Daniel of Montenegro, who is again

There was a rumor, (but it was dishelloved,) that the Porte General to high commands.

All the offers of volunteers received by the Tuckish Emtheir services will be accepted. The Turkish Government will probably decline such aid, if regular assistance be

Conflicting reports were received from Persia : the latest advices say the Shah, acting on the advice of the British Minister, had rejected the request of Russia to take up arms The London Sun says that the American Consul at

Smyrea had opposed the removal of Koszta to America.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Queen had returned to London, and all the Ministers were assembled there, but it was not intended to summon Parliament, unless events became more threatening. A Cabinet Council of five hours' duration was held on

Saturday, the 8th, and again on Wednesday, the 12th, but the proceedings had not transpired. The Chanceller of the Exchequer assisted at the inaugu-

ration of the Peel statue at Manchester, and spoke at length on the Turkish question, mystifying what particular course England would take in the coming struggle, but admitting that it is England's duty to set itself against the absorption of power by Russia that would follow the fall of Turkey. and significantly hinting that England would not enter into the deep questions which may develope themselves out of the pseudar internal organization of the Ottoman Porte. He expressed a strong anxiety for peace.

The Peace Conference was in session at Edinburgh. Mesers Cobden, Bright, Sturge, Burrit, and other peace apostles were present. The Sheffield manfacturers had memorialized the Gov-

ament against war and in ald of Turkey.

The quarterly meetings of the iron masters of Birmingham, on the 15th, reported the trade healthy-prices were firm-stock low, and the market considerably restricted by colliers strike. Turkish bestilities will be immediately followed by a rice

in prices. The cotton mills at Preston were to be temporarily closed by the owners to starve their opertives into submission. The number of turnouts in the manufacturing districts will then number nearly five thousand, who must soon be driven back by hunger to their work. FRANCE.

The Emperor and his wife at Compeigne for a formight.

At Amiens the religious selemnity of transferring the boxes of St. Theodosia called together twenty seven Archbishops and Bishops, French and foreign.

DENMARK.

The Diet opened on the third instant PRUSSIA.

A Russian squadron of four ships was telegraphed off Deal on the 13th, proceeding south to the Mediterranean,

AUSTRIA. Austria continues to augment its forces on the Turkish frontier, and the supposition revives, that in the event of hostilities she will attempt to occupy Servia, which territory

is disaffected toward Russia.

Mr. Jackson made his official visits on the 5th inst.

ITALY.

Numerous arrests were recently made in the Venet Provinces, and the prisoners were taken to Verona. Propersons, supposed to be revolutionary agents, were wrong at Inspruck, with forty thousand florins in their posses TURIN-

Turin papers mention the discovery of Marshi plots a

Sarzane to invede Piedmont, but the story seems fabricate Giardini, the Jesuit condemned to death at Naples for his share in the revolution of the 4th, had escaped to Turin. after four years concealment. Miss Cunningham was liberated from prison at Florence

Count Casar Saluzzi, an eminent author, is dead.

The Papal Government has forbidden the expert of state.

contemplates buying grain.

NAPLES. Naples is threatened with scarcity and the Government

GREECE. Athens advices to Sept. 13, mention another shock of

Earthquake, there and at Thebes.

THE LATEST [By Submarine Telegraph.]

The Union has good grounds for its assertions in regard to Caba.

The Secretary of the Treasury will urge Congress to establish a new Bureau, charged with the construction of Castom Houses, Marine Hospitals, &c. His annual report

A large meeting had been held in London in favor of Turkey. Thousands attended. Formal complaint has been made to the Pope respect

ing Father Gavazzi in New York. The duty has been taken off breadstuffs in Tuscany,

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Liverpool Cotton Market

Since the receipt of the Artic's advices the market be received from its former depression, and I salvance was established upon be week's quotations. Midding and Fulr, particularly Orleans, where the improvement of the rule were have of stock. The weeks since an improvement of the were based on the salvance of the Richard of the salvance of the Richard of the Rich

New Orleans Fair. 61d. Middling. 61d-51d Ordinary. 31 384. Mobile Feir. 61d. Middling. 61d-51d Ordinary. 31 384. Uplands Fair. 61d. Middling. 51d-51d Ordinary. 31 384. The steek on Land amounted to 530,000 bales including 42

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.

Liverpool Breadstaff Market.

Duries the early part of the week the market was flat, builth menipt of the Turk sh declaration of war recovered the declar, and the quitations of last week were again current. While make and Thom were active transactions large. Figure Colon madecan lague and supply: United States White White T quoted at 3/3/2/10/2. Red Obio 34 6/25/1 Canadian 34/46/1; Sone 27/48/1.

INDES CORS—White is quoted at 4/4/2/2 Yellow at 4/6/2 maked. 20/6d-all-kinds of Breadstuffichesing drus.

Patricions—Earl only a made rate basiness doing and good breads held at 35/4/2/2. Since at Liverpool Oct 1, 10/6/2 tax. Of Fortany 7,5/60 bits. Of American new in Bret hands. State of the week moderator, but considerable transactions in French, at first selection. Western is quoted at 72/6/20/1. Extrem. My Consideral Thore in the decision of the week vector of the considerable transactions in French, at first selection for the week rather limited. There has been a fetch aquity for Shoulders, and it was lars land and of the week rather limited. There has been a fetch aquity for Shoulders, and it was lars large been so do. Stock, 2001 tax.

rather lamited. There has been a feir inquiry for Shaulders and a time have been cold at 60. Such, 500 tans.
CHREST—A feir besides is along at rather lower prices.
HUTERS—Small purpole of Cornelium at 87.
LINEARD CARRS have further advanced. Good three obloagers worth £10.5.

Liverpool Produce Market.

CURRENTEON BANK is in moderate request at \$76 for Philadelphia and 7, for Businesse.

Choven Synth-There is a speculative inquiry, and sales have been made at 49, 250, and the latter price generally demanded at the

lesse. Rich issteady, with sales of 50 thereesof Carolina at 24/6, in bond. Rosintaken treesv. 2,000 bblg. sold at 4/9 th 15/6. Nothing done The No Tunenting in the market. Streets of Tunenting

sell at Dig 200:

Olis - Ol fore sof Olive sold at about former rates. Linead cal Rape quice. Paim continued in good demand. Sales 500 bols on the upot at 200 5 02 50, and 1,000 to arrive at 200.

The in mode demand at rather before prices for Congress. Corrections, transcribers triding. Photoco, nothing delay.

Tallow strady, with a moderate behavior. Peterbargh Y. G. 30, Sucas, sales were note extending, moderate basings fasten more freely, but yikes were note extending, moderate basing taken more freely, but yikes were delicated.

State of Trade in Manchester. Rather more business doing during the week in anticipation of m need production from the cineing of the mills, but lower prices per

London Markets.

London Markets.

Baring Brothers report another dull neek in Colonial and Porder Markets. Corress was slightly framer. Sunan is good reducing demand. West India steady. Common Brown fell of. Transactive tracking the state of the true in spine sportingly. Land steady at 20 comp for Western Laseand in cake in good request at well supported prices. Restrictive any on the week for East Belfe, but since become dult and declined of.

Tailone. There is a road communicate domand, but the market cined quiet, at 20 cal 20 common flave and at 20 cal at the end of the year, and 30 in January and Market.

Spiners of Theresia's to healthy common flave sell at 22 till 18 for 22 bill of and puried wales at a tribe under them rates. South 18 common flave sell at 22 till 18 for 22 bill of and puried wales at a tribe under them rates. South 18 common flave sell at 22 till 18 common flave seller transactive seller tran

m.
American Red Wanar 66, 270; White 76; P. quarter. Woden
and Flour 56, 277; Baltimers and Obio 57, 61, 27, 54. There
a been nothing done in Cargoes of Wanar or Coam.

Havre Markets .. Oct. 11. The week's sales of Corrow foot up 3,464 below as rather steads

ins have advenced, and we quote Potrat \$650ff frace, of a true at \$61, day \$6.

Fig. Only a small business doing but prices have been sp

Plack is in active demand, and prices are well supported. Sales at Sales at

London Harket. Monny continued in demand, but without change in the pare of decement. Government had advanced the interest on a portion of the Excheque Hills to 3 P cast. The found have destanced man, but the settlement in Consuls was on the whole satisfactory. Closed place 30 (202. Considerable arrivals of Silver have taken place Sales at 5 11; Boliers 4/11;

American Stocks.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE. Arrived from New York Sept. II.—Favorite, at Smyrnt. Gt. 3. Donor at Hamburg. 2th. Germanda (s) at Resomerance. 6th Mary at Marseilles. 7th. Heldelburg at Haves. 1th. Geo. Particular St. Helit, Adirondack. 7th. Mary for Marseilles. Phabba, Helden Scader, Hadeon, off Start, for Hamburg, stemmer Tarter, Smillinks, 16th. Mahatan, Clyde. 9th. Areanty, Graveauch Sink, St. Marseille, Graveauch Lith, scenare Arctic Goden Agr. Liverpeal. 5th. Henry Names, Mainga, 8th. Geo. Caming Hamburg. 11th. Concordia, ed. St. Albana, for Asswerp.

VERMONT LEGISLATURE

MONTPELIER, Vt., Thursday, Oct. 27, 1822. Ballotting for Governor was resumed in the Legislature to-day. The first ballot resulted as follows: Fairbank Whig. 109 : Robinson, Dem., 117 : Brainard, P. S. Second ballot-Pairbanks 104, Robinson 116, Braine

GREAT FIRE AT PROVIDENCE-LOSS \$100,00 JOURNAL OFFICE, PROVIDENCE, Thursday, Oct. 37.
The fire last night in the Howard Block, on Westminster.

t, breke out about 11 o'clock, and has been most disserted The Howard Block was composed of ten buildings and was the finest in the State. It was entirely destroyed. The flames communicated to the Museum, which was

destroyed, and the two story wooden building adjoining Museum was greatly injured by the failing of the Mass

The three story wooden block next to the Howard block was likewise consumed. The fire extended back to Exchange place, sweeping the entire square, and destroying a number of wooden bail-

The following are the chief sufferers : Geo. A. House, \$=0,000 on buildings and \$10,000 to \$40,000 on sort-sured for \$52,000; Wm. A. Howard, \$93,000 instra-A. M. Leland, music dealer, loss \$10,000—ineurod for \$1,000; G. L. Dwight, owner of the Museum building, \$30,000-18 sured for \$15,000; Wm C. Forbes, leases of the Museum

82,000 to \$3,000 : James Hodges, carpet dealer, \$26,600. Mesers. Tyler & Co., furniture dealers. \$20,000. James M. Bostwick, confectioner, \$22,600. C. F. Atkinson, fancy goods, \$10,000.

Wm. Ellis, druggist, \$200. W. H. Low, boots and shoot, \$7,000. And numerous others of smaller amounts, among the Calds, druggist; Dr. Jonathan Smith; Taber, masic deals: Southwick, clothing: S. H. Walos, joweler, and others.

Raidimore.

The question on American citizenship is to be discussed soon at Vienna.

HEAVY MARINE LOSSES.

Bastos, Thursday, Oct. 27, 1855.

The ships President, Wan, Sturgis and Lapland, also en the count of Maine and New Brunswick, are instrett his city for over \$150,000.

The total loss is estimated at from \$300,000 to \$500,000 Amount of insurance not yet ascertained.